



South Pacific integrated observatory for the environment, terrestrial and marine biodiversity

- To federate research activities with a focus on the observations and to establish mutual resources between scientific institutions
- "GIS" Created in 2010 and renewed for 2014-2017,
- Gathers together 13 French scientific partners working in the South and SouthWest Pacific,
- Opened to other French and Non French organizations (CROP agencies and academic institutes).



Steering Committee

Scientific Committee NC, FP, France, Fiji NZ, Aust., USA

Manag. Committee

























Objectives







 Optimize, consolidate and share equipments and technical platforms,

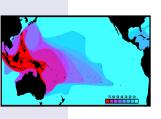


 Support and coordinate the activities of research teams,



- Strengthen international scientific cooperation,
- Provide expertise and advisory services to government organisations and communities.

Scientific themes



- Marine ecosystems
- Terrestrial ecosystems
- Climatic variability and change



- Natural hazards (hydro-climatic et telluric)
- The impact of human activities
- The relationship between environment and health



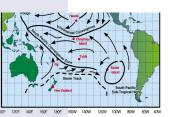
□ Representations, practices and policies of "nature", Social and human sciences....includes the Oceania Observatory of Climate Change and its Consequences (O2C3)

Grand Observatoire de l'environnement et de la biodiversité terrestre et marine du Pacifique Sud

GOPS Actions



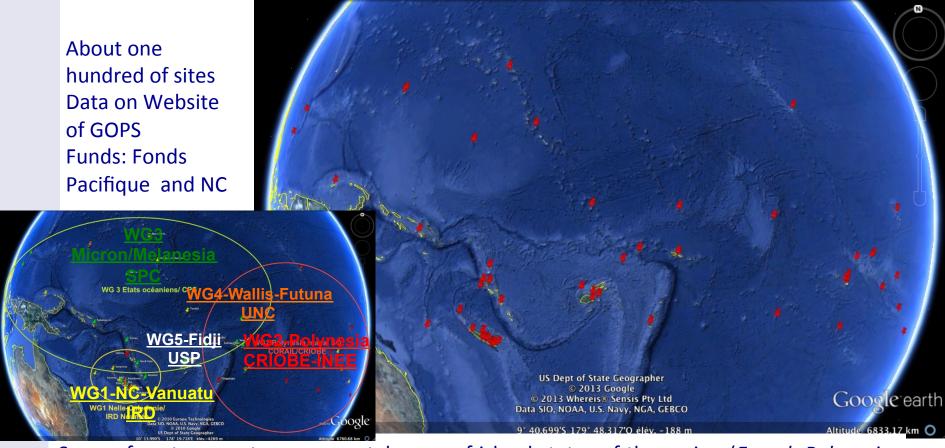
- The GOPS was the facilitator and/or successfully contributed to the emergence of the joint projects
- The GOPS obtained funds for laboratory equipements in NC and FP and for the acquisition and set up of observatories



- The GOPS founded various programs (see flyer)
- Mar Ecosys. (13), Ter. Ecosys (9), Clim. Ch.-Nat. Haz. (12), Env-Health (5), SS(2)
- NC (18), FP (11), W&F (1), Pacific (6), Vanuatu (2), Fiji (1)



Sea surface temperature network: ReefTEMPS OPS Program (GOPS – CPS + CNRS, UNC, USP)



Sea surface temperature on coastal areas of island states of the region (French Polynesia, Cook, Tonga, Wallis and Futuna, Samoa, Tokelau, Kiribati, Nauru, Etats Federate States of Micronesia, Palau, Yap, Iles Salomon Islands, Papoua New-Guinea, Vanuatu, Fiji, New Caledonia...) for the long term monitoring of the climate change and its consequences on coral reefs and their ressources. Some sites and future: S, P (wave, swell, tide), pH